

BBVA

Time to return to fundamentals

Manuel González Cid, CFO

Morgan Stanley, European Financial Conference

March 28th, 2012

This document is only provided for information purposes and does not constitute, nor must it be interpreted as, an offer to sell or exchange or acquire, or an invitation for offers to buy securities issued by any of the aforementioned companies. Any decision to buy or invest in securities in relation to a specific issue must be made solely and exclusively on the basis of the information set out in the pertinent prospectus filed by the company in relation to such specific issue. Nobody who becomes aware of the information contained in this report must regard it as definitive, because it is subject to changes and modifications.

This document contains or may contain forward looking statements (in the usual meaning and within the meaning of the US Private Securities Litigation Act of 1995) regarding intentions, expectations or projections of BBVA or of its management on the date thereof, that refer to miscellaneous aspects, including projections about the future earnings of the business. The statements contained herein are based on our current projections, although the said earnings may be substantially modified in the future by certain risks, uncertainty and others factors relevant that may cause the results or final decisions to differ from such intentions, projections or estimates. These factors include, without limitation, (1) the market situation, macroeconomic factors, regulatory, political or government guidelines, (2) domestic and international stock market movements, exchange rates and interest rates, (3) competitive pressures, (4) technological changes, (5) alterations in the financial situation, creditworthiness or solvency of our customers, debtors or counterparts. These factors could condition and result in actual events differing from the information and intentions stated, projected or forecast in this document and other past or future documents. BBVA does not undertake to publicly revise the contents of this or any other document, either if the events are not exactly as described herein, or if such events lead to changes in the stated strategies and intentions.

The contents of this statement must be taken into account by any persons or entities that may have to make decisions or prepare or disseminate opinions about securities issued by BBVA and, in particular, by the analysts who handle this document. This document may contain summarised information or information that has not been audited, and its recipients are invited to consult the documentation and public information filed by BBVA with stock market supervisory bodies, in particular, the prospectuses and periodical information filed with the Spanish Securities Exchange Commission (CNMV) and the Annual Report on form 20-F and information on form 6-K that are disclosed to the US Securities and Exchange Commission.

Distribution of this document in other jurisdictions may be prohibited, and recipients into whose possession this document comes shall be solely responsible for informing themselves about, and observing any such restrictions. By accepting this document you agree to be bound by the foregoing Restrictions.



BBVA

Contents

1 From external factors to earnings power

2 Time to return to fundamentals

3 Conclusions



BBVA

Since the beginning of the crisis banks have faced significant challenges...

Scarce and expensive funding

Regulatory changes

Increasing capital requirements

Deleveraging

Sale of core assets



Revenue reduction

Earnings contraction

EPS dilution

Lower ROEs

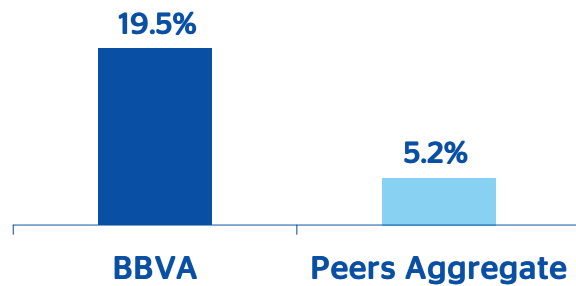
Dividend cuts

BBVA has been able to adapt quickly and successfully to this changing environment

... under these extreme circumstances BBVA has proven to be very resilient

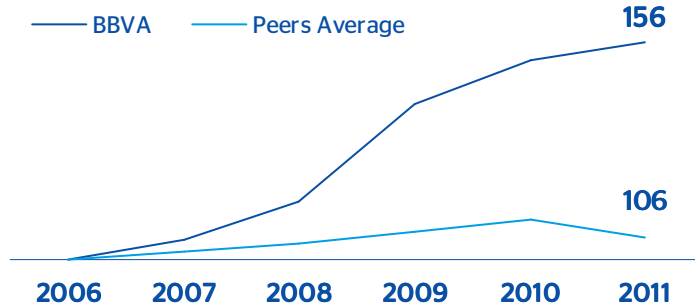
Operating Income Growth

BBVA vs. European Peer Group Aggregate^{(1) (2)}
(Change 2006-2011, %)



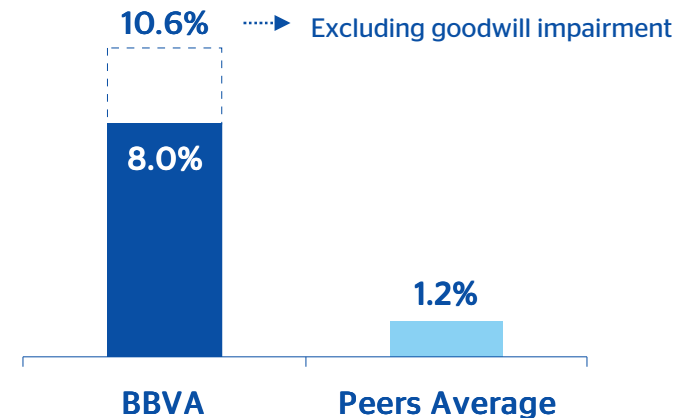
Tangible Book Value Per Share⁽¹⁾

(Base 100: 2006)



ROE

BBVA vs. European Peer Group Average⁽¹⁾
(%, December 2011)



BBVA sought to minimize the potential impact on earnings, profitability and dilution, maintaining dividends and without selling core assets

(1): Peer Group: BARCL, BNP, CASA, CMZ, CS, DB, HSBC, ISP, LLOYDS, RBS, SAN, SG, UBS and UCI. Figures as of Dec. 2011, except for UCI (as of Sept. 2011). (2) Excludes UCI.

However, rating agencies and analysts continue to associate banking risk with sovereign risk

**REGULATORY
TRENDS**

- Higher and more strict capital requirements (EBA, Basel III, G-SIFI buffer, ...)
- Creation of loss - absorption instruments (CoCos, bail-in debt, ...)
- Living wills

IMPACT ON BANKS

- Full loss absorption by shareholders and debt holders
- Elimination of implicit sovereign support

Equity investors should focus on earnings power and franchise value, which also backs a bank's creditworthiness for debt investors



BBVA

Contents

1 From external factors to earnings power

2 Time to return to fundamentals

3 Conclusions

Time to return to fundamentals: BBVA's main levers

1

Strong dynamism of core revenues in all geographies

2

Investments in the franchise progressively stabilizing

3

Asset quality resilience and absorption of new regulation

4

Strong capital generation and solid liquidity position



BBVA

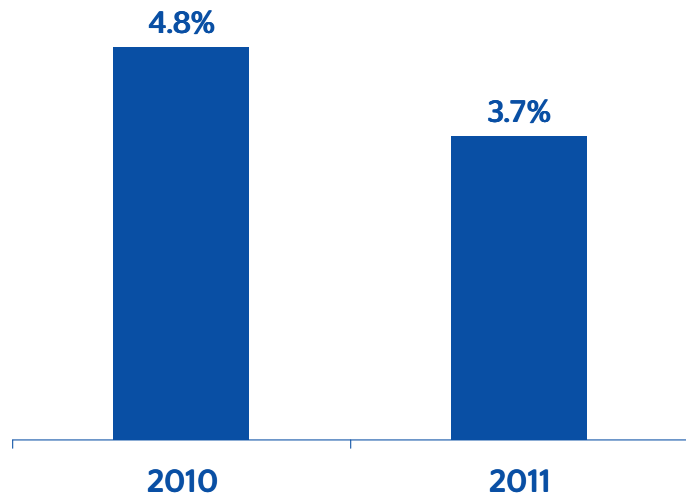
Time to return to fundamentals

1

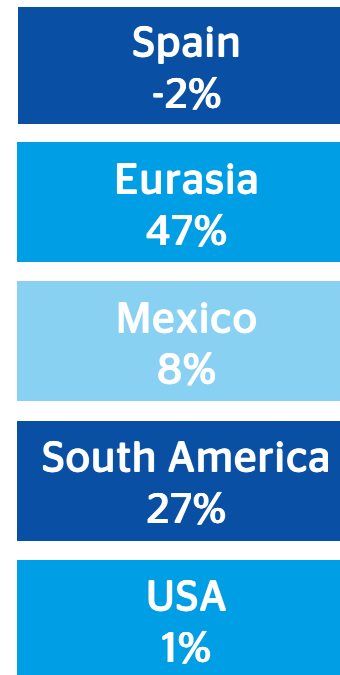
**Strong dynamism of core
revenues in all geographies**

Group: Resilient lending growth with favourable mix change

Gross Lending
BBVA Group
Year-on-year change (%)



Lending
(Constant €)
2011 vs. 2010 change (%)



Deleveraging and market share gains

Perimeter effect

Growth in more profitable portfolios

Strong growth

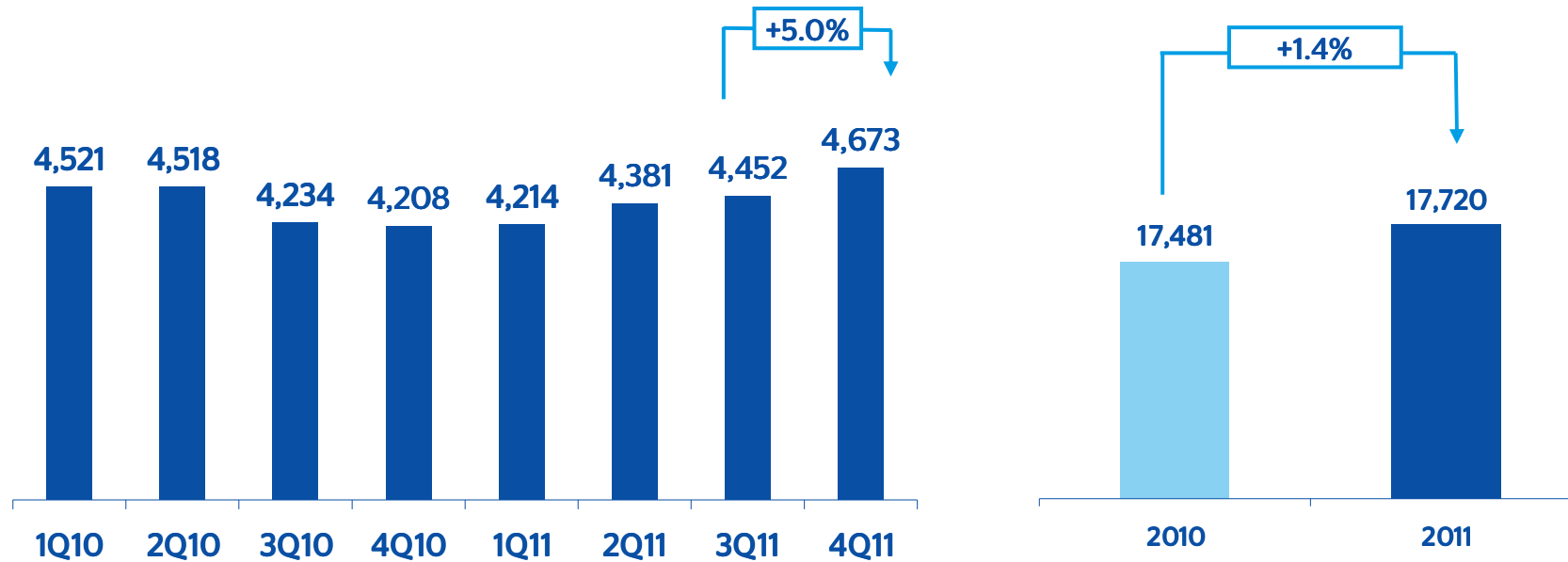
Derisking and selective growth

Trends

Positive growth and favourable mix change: high growth in emerging markets to offset weaker performance in developed markets

Group: Recurrent core revenues starting to grow

Core revenues⁽¹⁾
BBVA Group
(Constant €m)

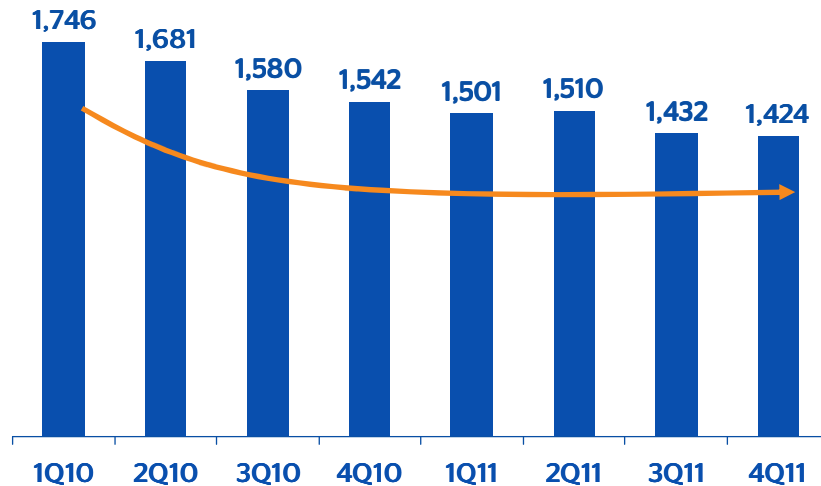


Trends
NII to increase in all geographies and stabilize in Spain
Fee Income to return to positive growth in all geographies

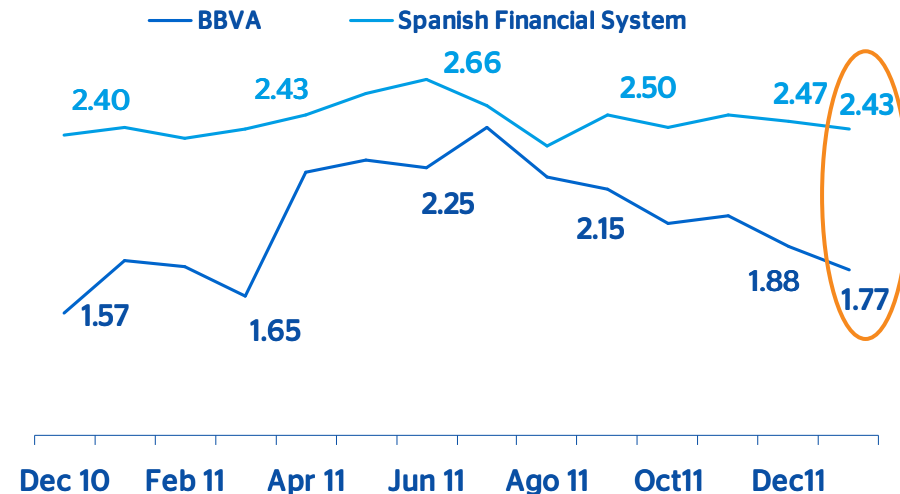
(1) Core revenues include: Net interest income and fee income.

Spain: Net interest income stabilization due to the reduction of the cost of deposits

Core Revenues⁽¹⁾
(€m)



Cost of deposits (households and corporates)
New production interest rates (%)



Source: Bank of Spain and internal data

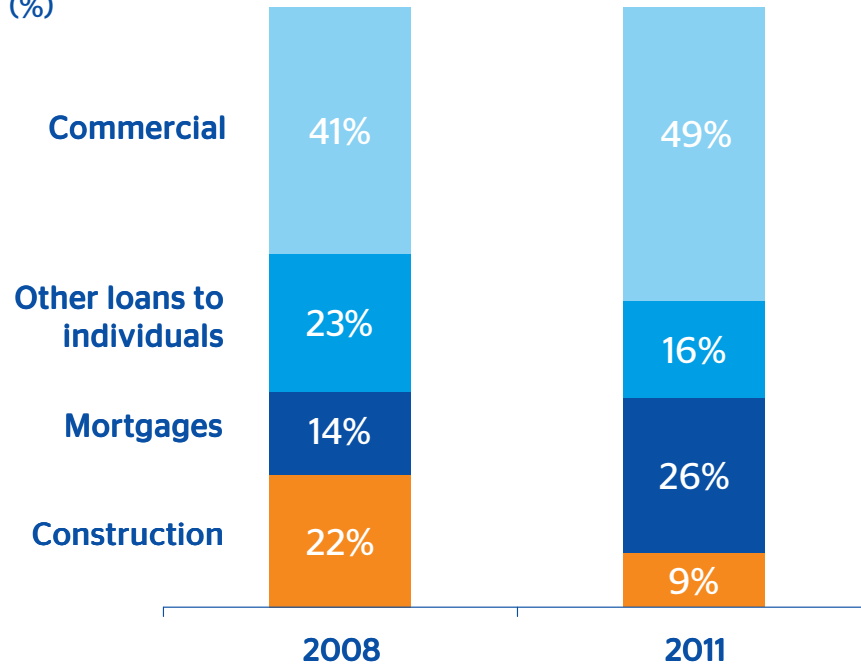


Price normalization will be the main driver of net interest income
Stabilization of fee income

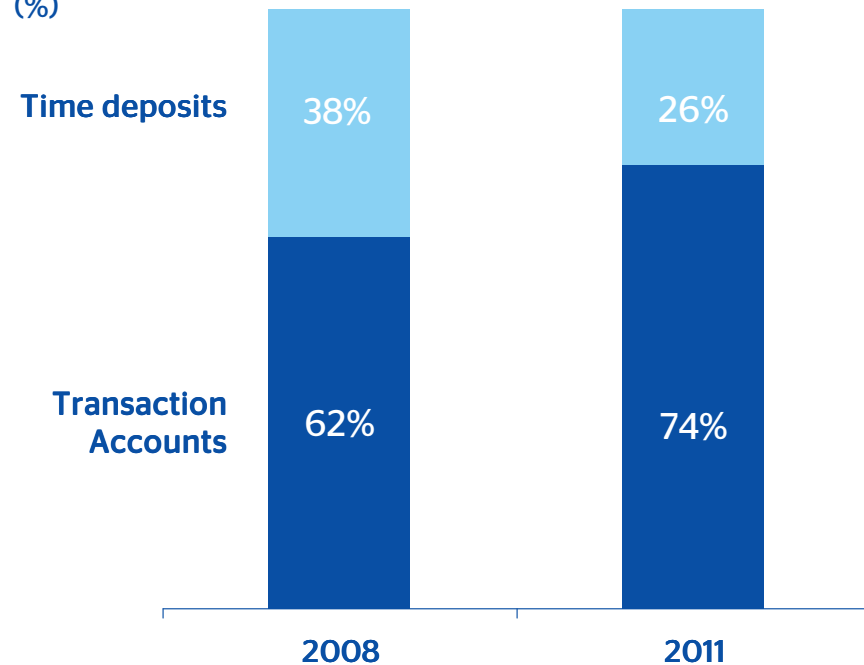
(1) Core revenues include: Net interest income and fee income.

USA: BBVA has successfully performed a business mix transformation ...

Lending mix (%)



Deposit mix (%)

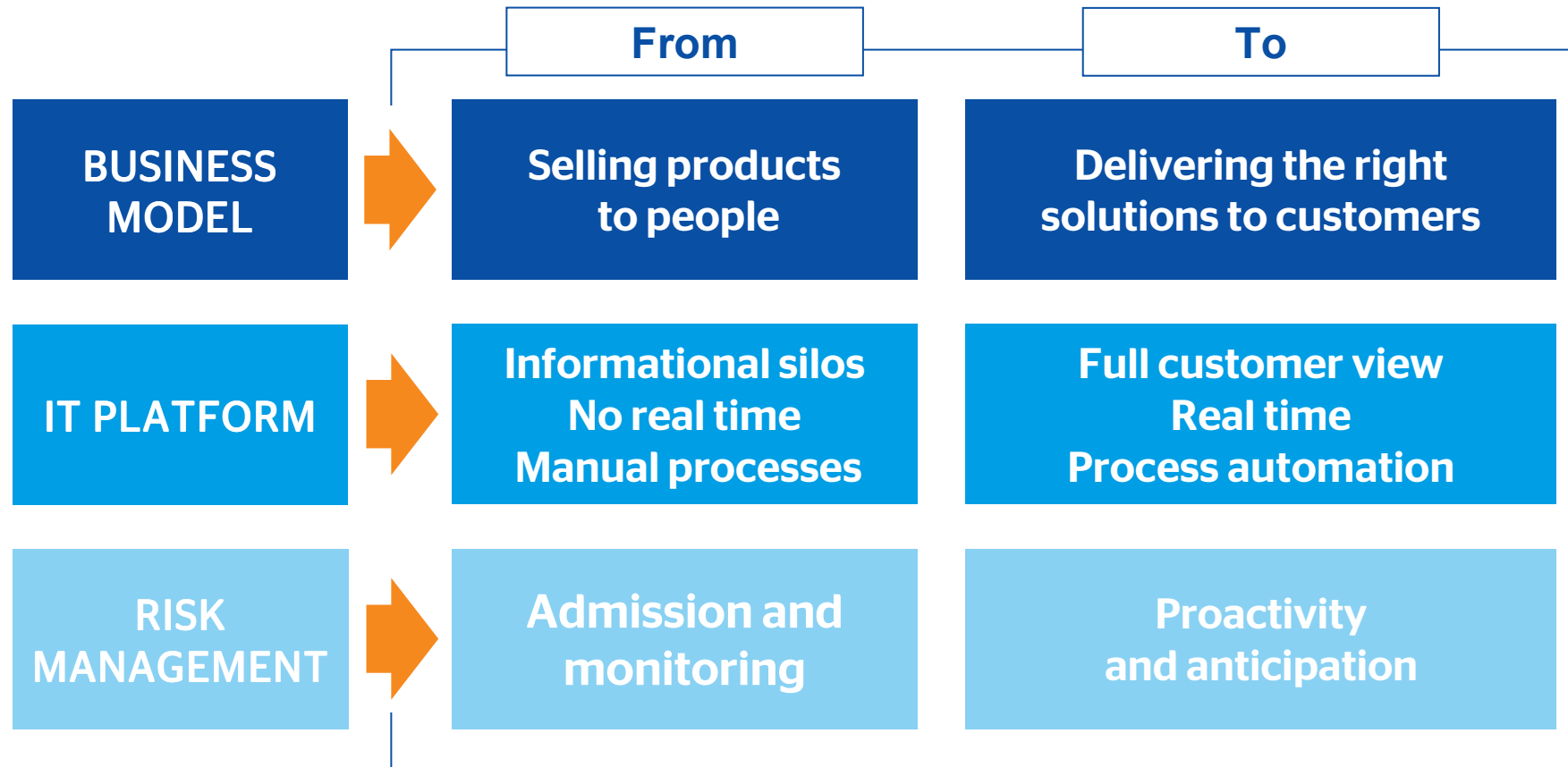


Trends Prioritizing non-RE commercial & retail mortgages

Derisking and asset quality will continue to improve

Reduced deposit cost driving customer spread

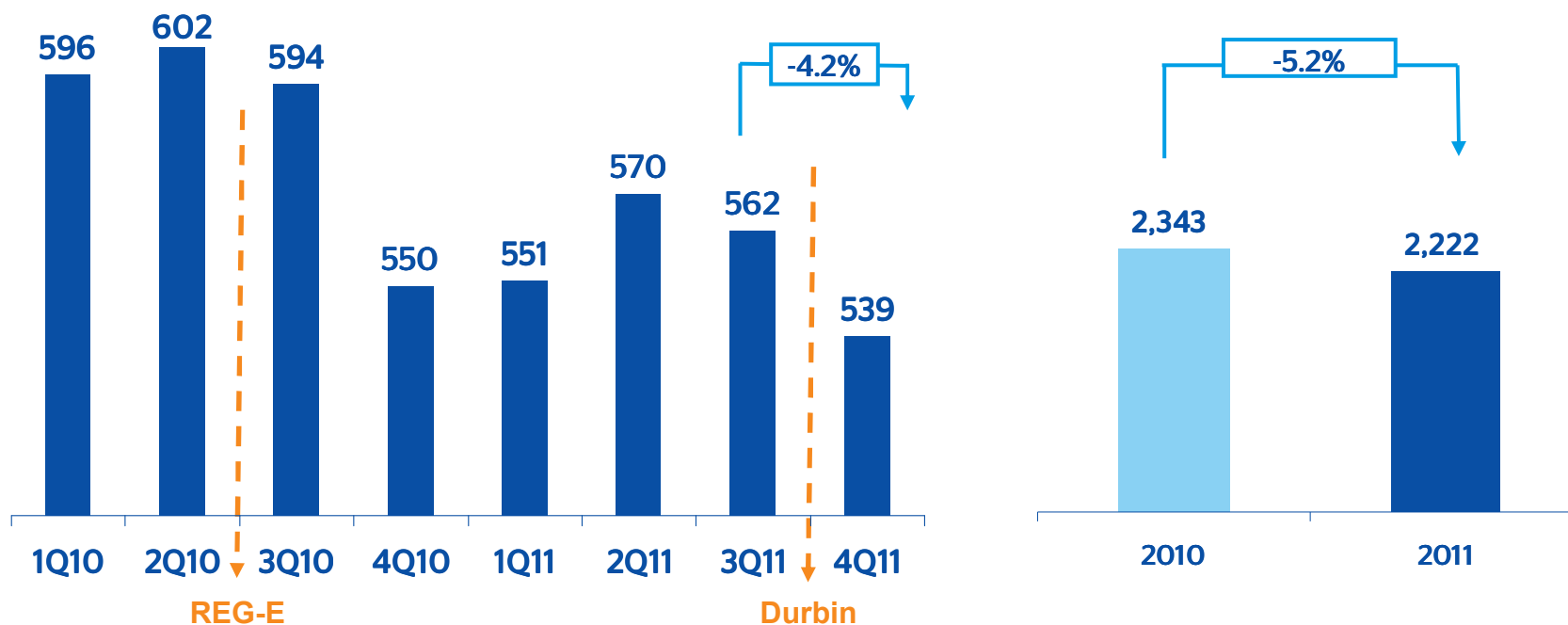
USA: ... and a business model transformation



Transformation towards BBVA's industrialized customer centric business model on track (about 2/3 completed)

USA: Core revenues affected by the run-off from Guaranty portfolios and the new regulatory landscape

Core Revenues⁽¹⁾
(Constant €m)

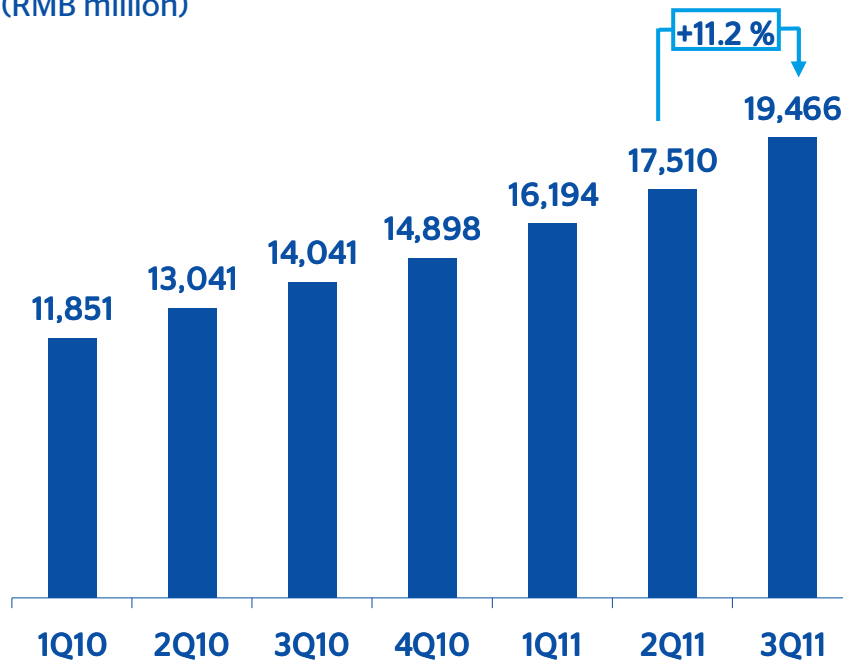


Profitability will improve reflecting the transformation of the business model and the economic recovery

(1) Core revenues include: Net interest income and fee income.

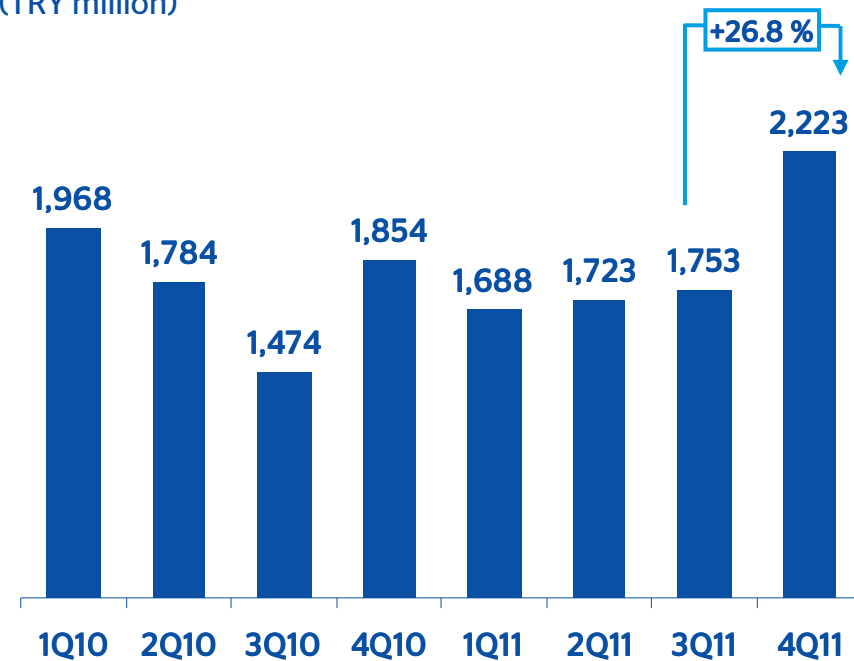
Eurasia: Buoyant activity in all regions

Citic Core revenues⁽¹⁾
 Quarter-on-quarter
 (RMB million)



Source: CNBC public reporting

Garanti Core revenues⁽²⁾
 Quarter-on-quarter
 (TRY million)



Source: BRSA Consolidated Garanti public reporting.

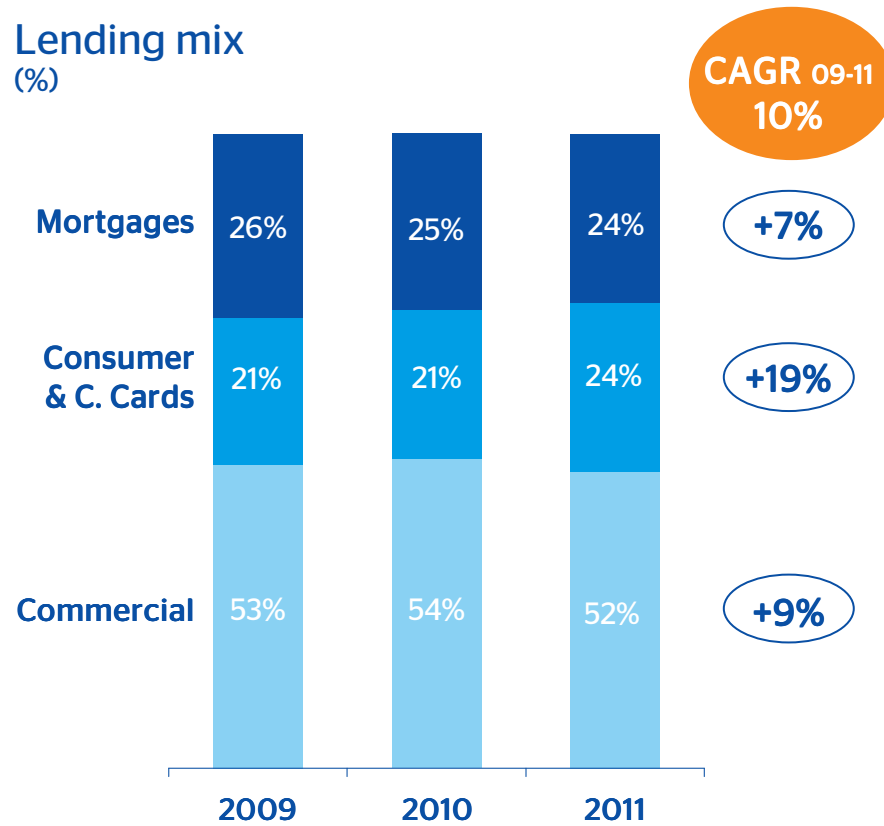


Activity dynamism and growing core banking revenues

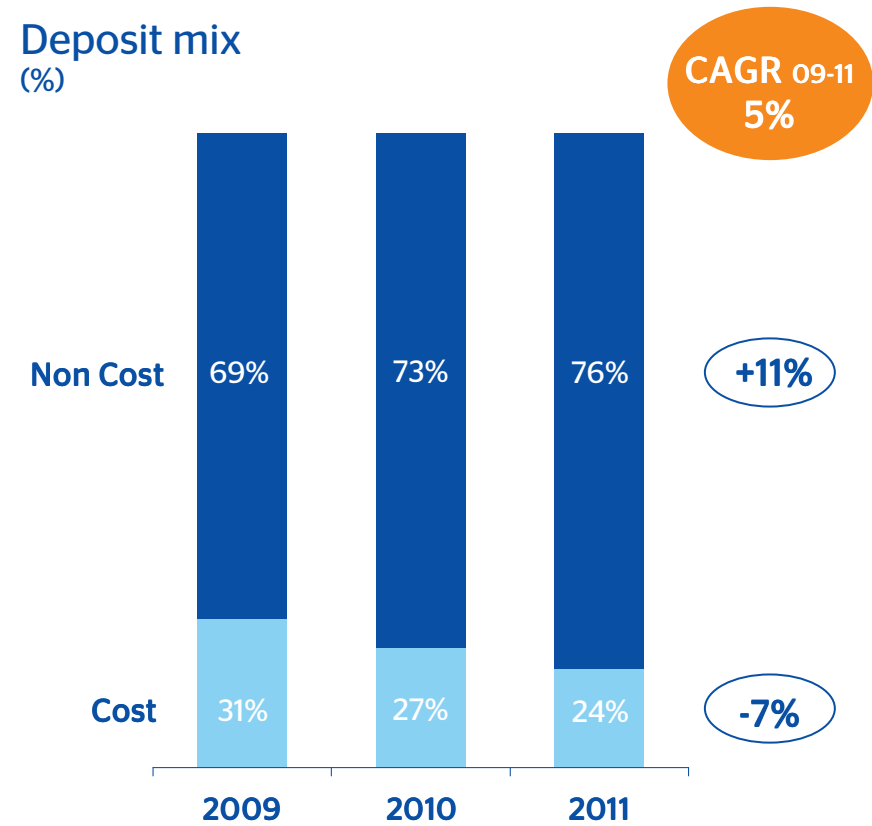
(1) Core revenues include: Net interest income and fee income. (2). Core revenues include: Net interest income, income on RR and CPI linkers and net fees & commissions.

Mexico: Business dynamism and mix improvement ...

Lending mix (%)



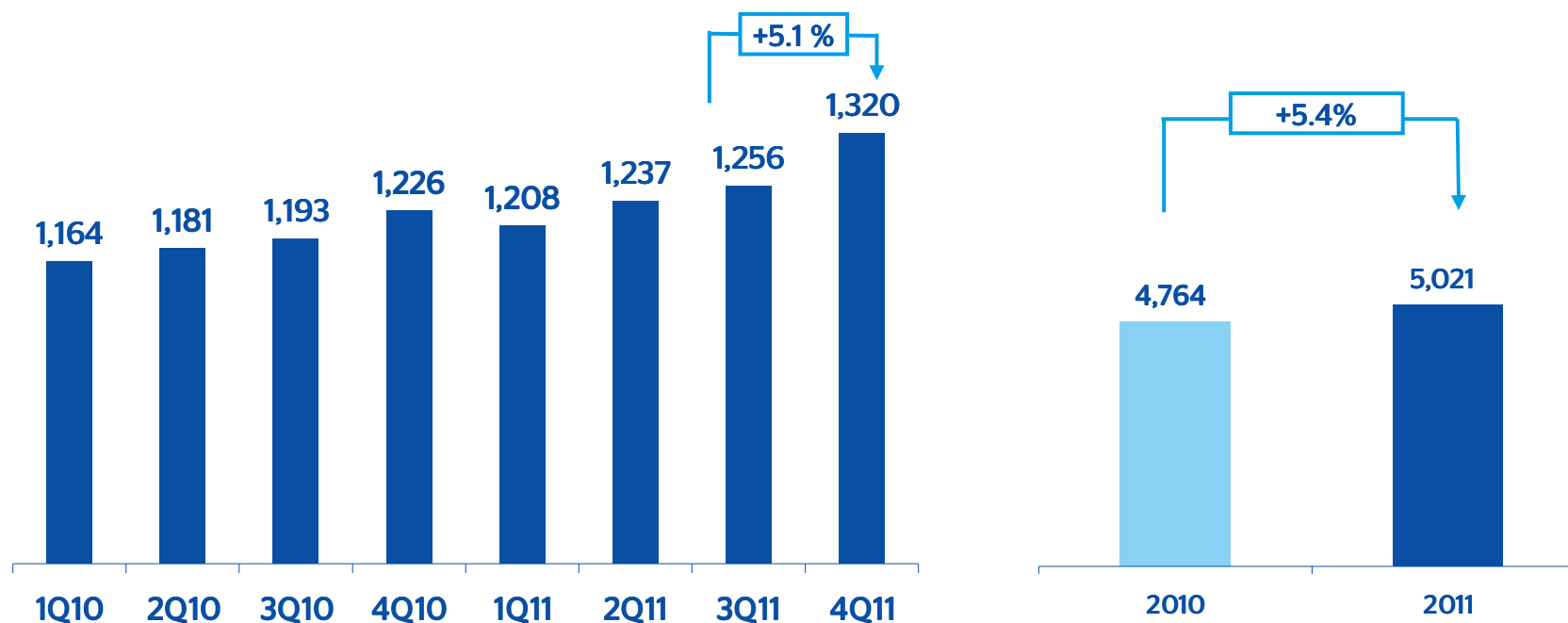
Deposit mix (%)



Growth biased to more profitable segments

Mexico: ... with a positive impact on revenues ...

Core revenues⁽¹⁾
(Constant €m)



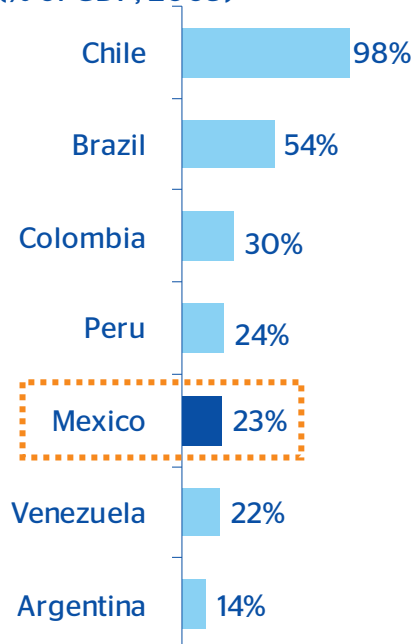
High net interest income growth
Impact of new regulation on fees and commissions absorbed in 2011

(1) Core revenues include: Net Interest Income and Fee Income.

Mexico: ... and huge growth opportunities going forward, being the market leader

Low banking penetration

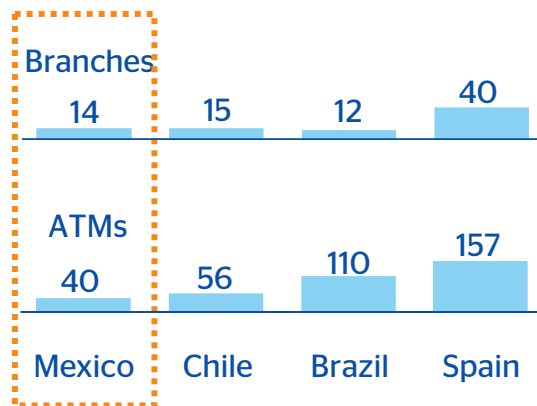
Domestic credit to private sector (% of GDP, 2009)



Source: BBVA Research with WB data

Under penetrated market

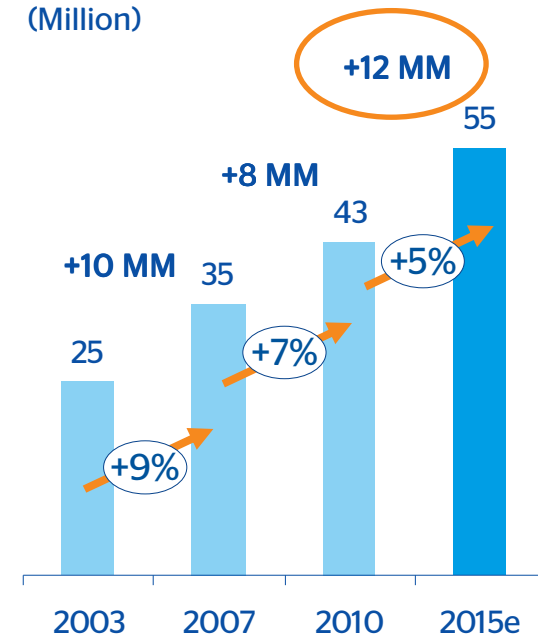
(Data per 100,000 inhabitants, 2008)



Source: McKinsey

Banked population

(Million)



Source: BBVA Bancomer



Opportunities in an under penetrated financial system to be exploited through innovation in the distribution model

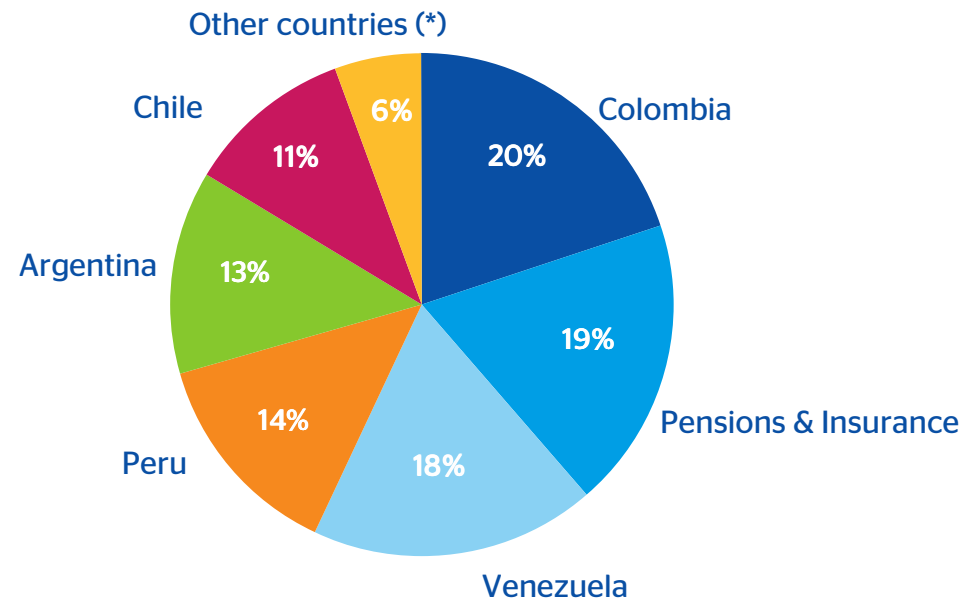
South America: Diversified leadership in a fast growing region

- 8 Banks
- 5 AFPs (Pension Funds Managers)
- 4 Insurance Companies

	Banks	Insurance	AFPs
Argentina	●	●	
Bolivia			●
Chile	●	●	●
Colombia	●	●	●
Ecuador			●
Panama	●		
Paraguay	●		
Peru	●		●
Uruguay	●		
Venezuela	●	●	

* Panama, Paraguay, Uruguay, Bolivia and Ecuador.

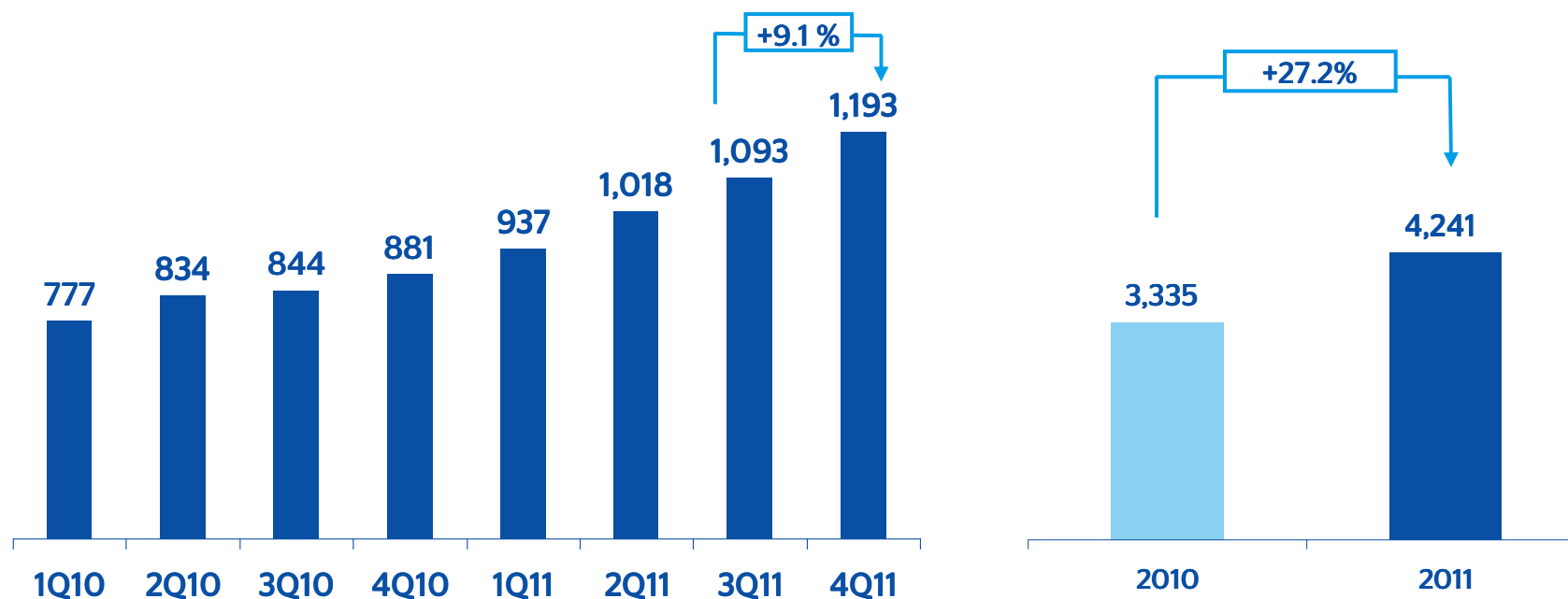
Net attributable profit breakdown
December, 2011 (%)



**Total net attributable profit
€ 1 Bn (+16% vs 2010)**

South America: ... leading to higher revenues and profitability

Core revenues⁽¹⁾
(Constant €m)



High growth of core revenues and profits

(1) Core revenues include: Net interest income and fee income.



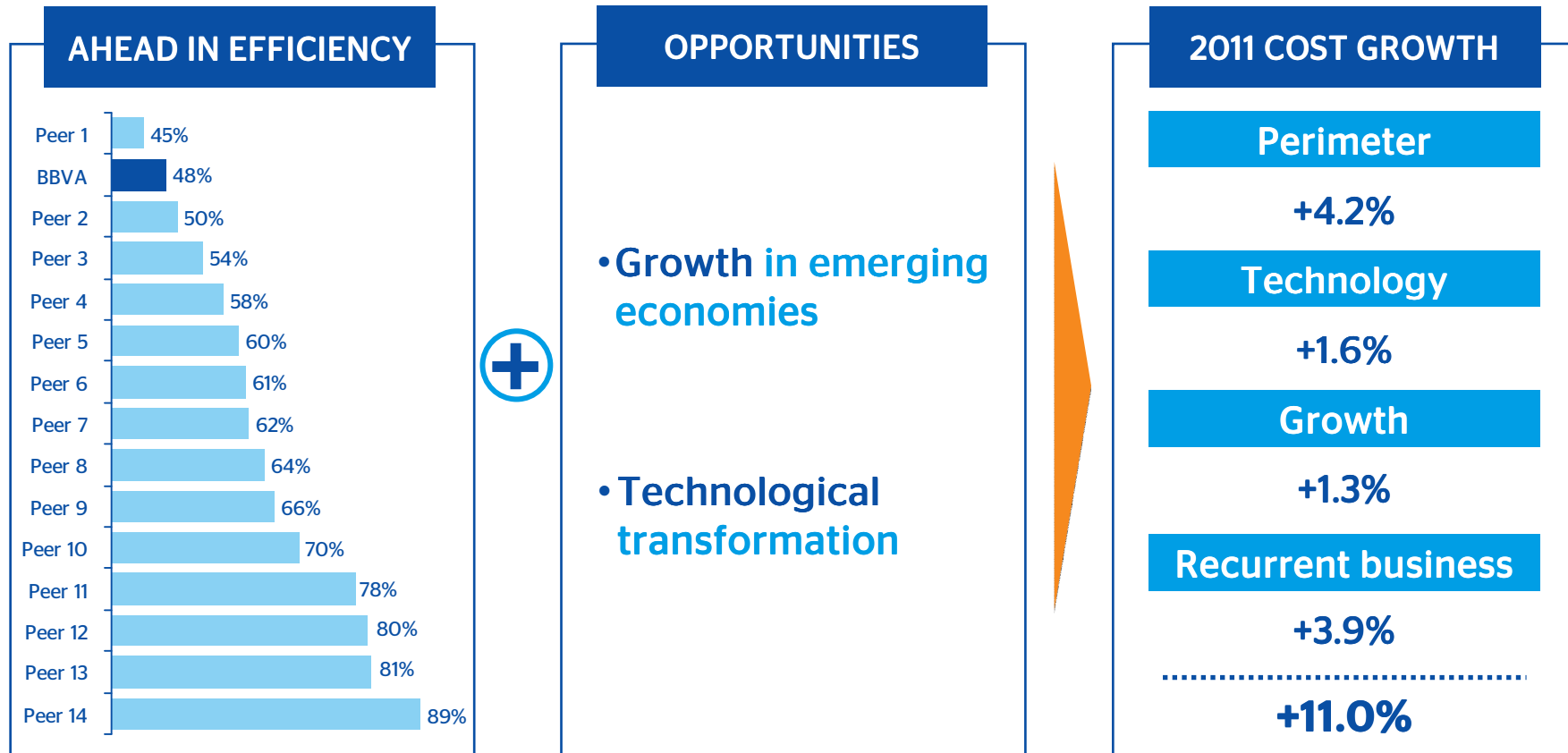
BBVA

Time to return to fundamentals

2

**Investments in
the franchise progressively
stabilizing**

Group: Costs growing to reinforce our competitive position



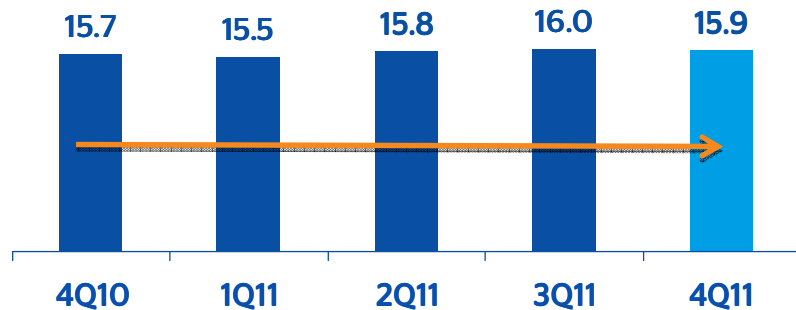
Costs to remain flat in developed economies and progressively stabilize in emerging economies

3

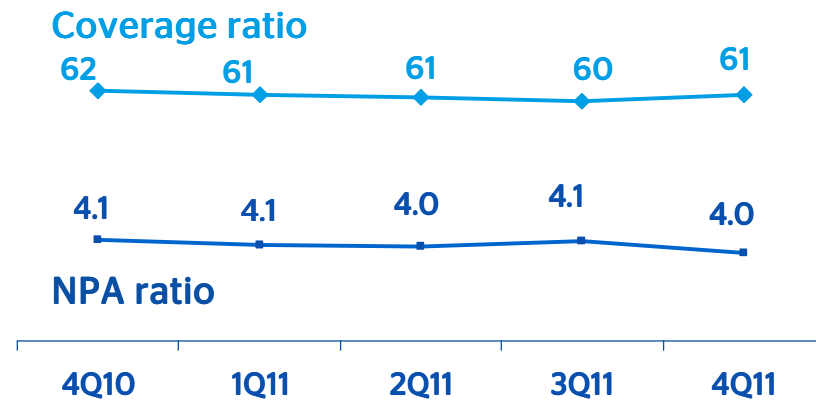
**Asset quality resilience
and absorption of new
regulation**

Group: Stable risk indicators for the 8th quarter running

NPAs - net balance
BBVA Group
(€bn)



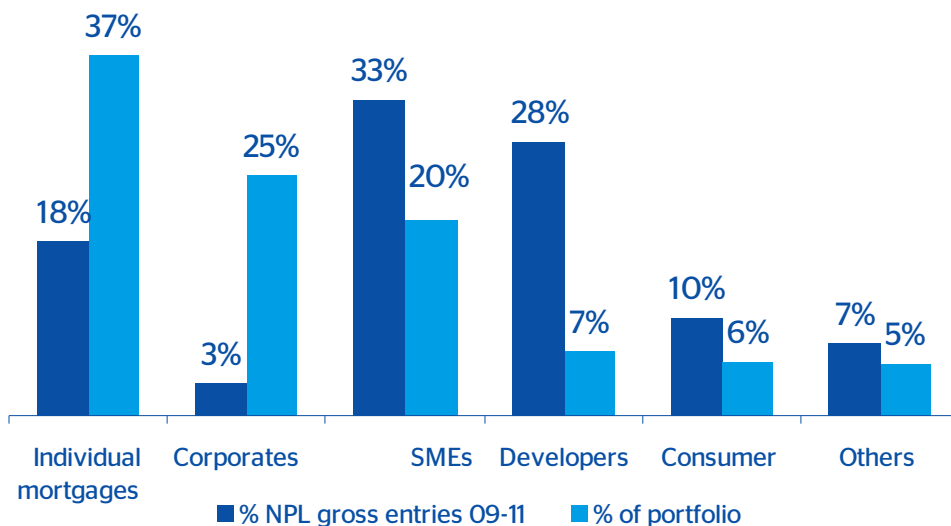
NPA & coverage ratios
BBVA Group
(%)



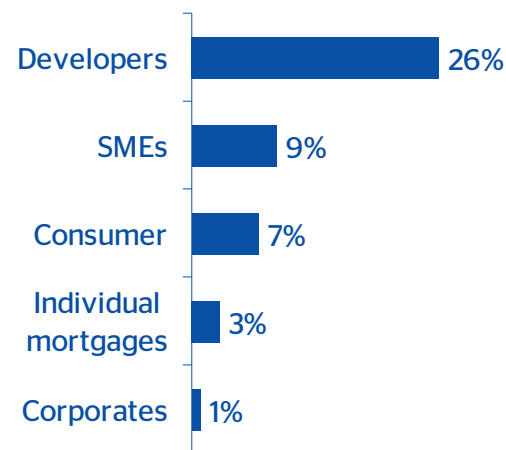
Risk indicators to remain stable at the Group level

Spain: RE developers and SMEs represented >60% of NPL formation during the crisis vs. <30% of the book

NPL gross entries 2009-2011
Breakdown by segment



NPL ratio by segment
December 2011

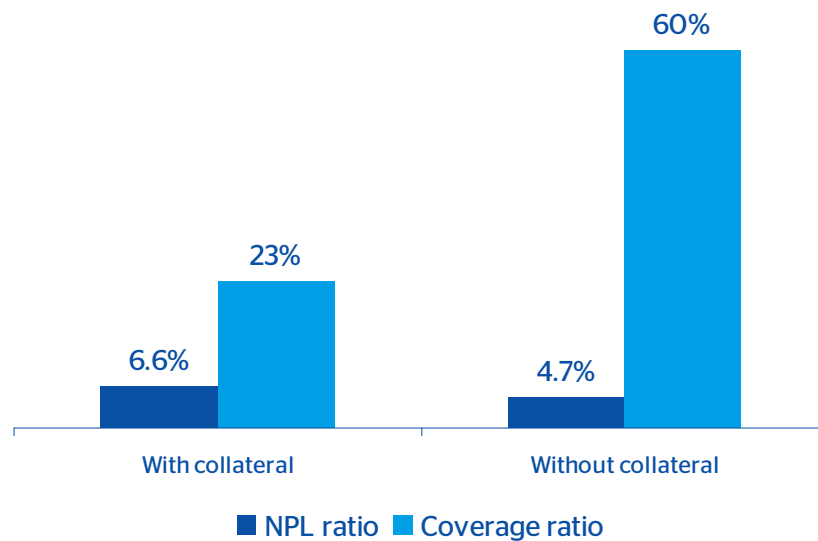


New entries to marginally increase in 2012 driven by SMEs due to a worse than expected economic situation

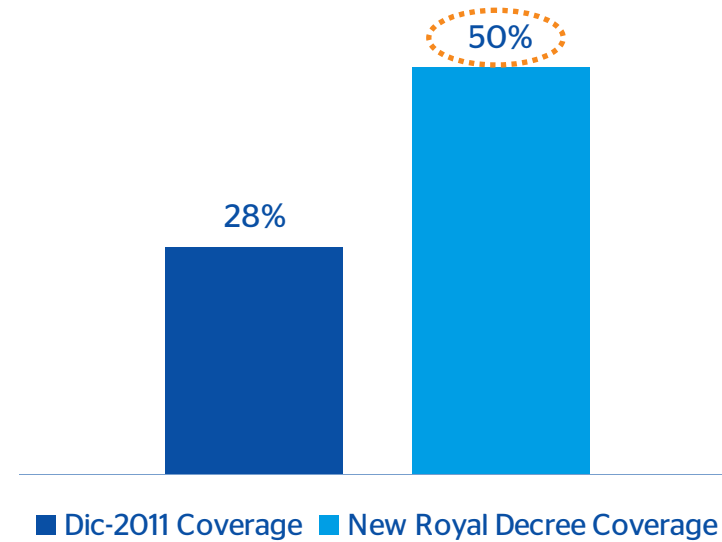
Note: Data from local businesses in Spain, excluding C&IB.

Spain: Provisions will peak in 2012 due to new RE requirements and SMEs NPL formation

NPL and Coverage breakdown⁽¹⁾
2011



Coverage ratio RE Problematic Assets⁽²⁾
Pre and post new Royal Decree



Non collateralized NPLs are 100% covered within a year

New RE provision requirements (€1.5 Bn after tax) to be absorbed in 2012

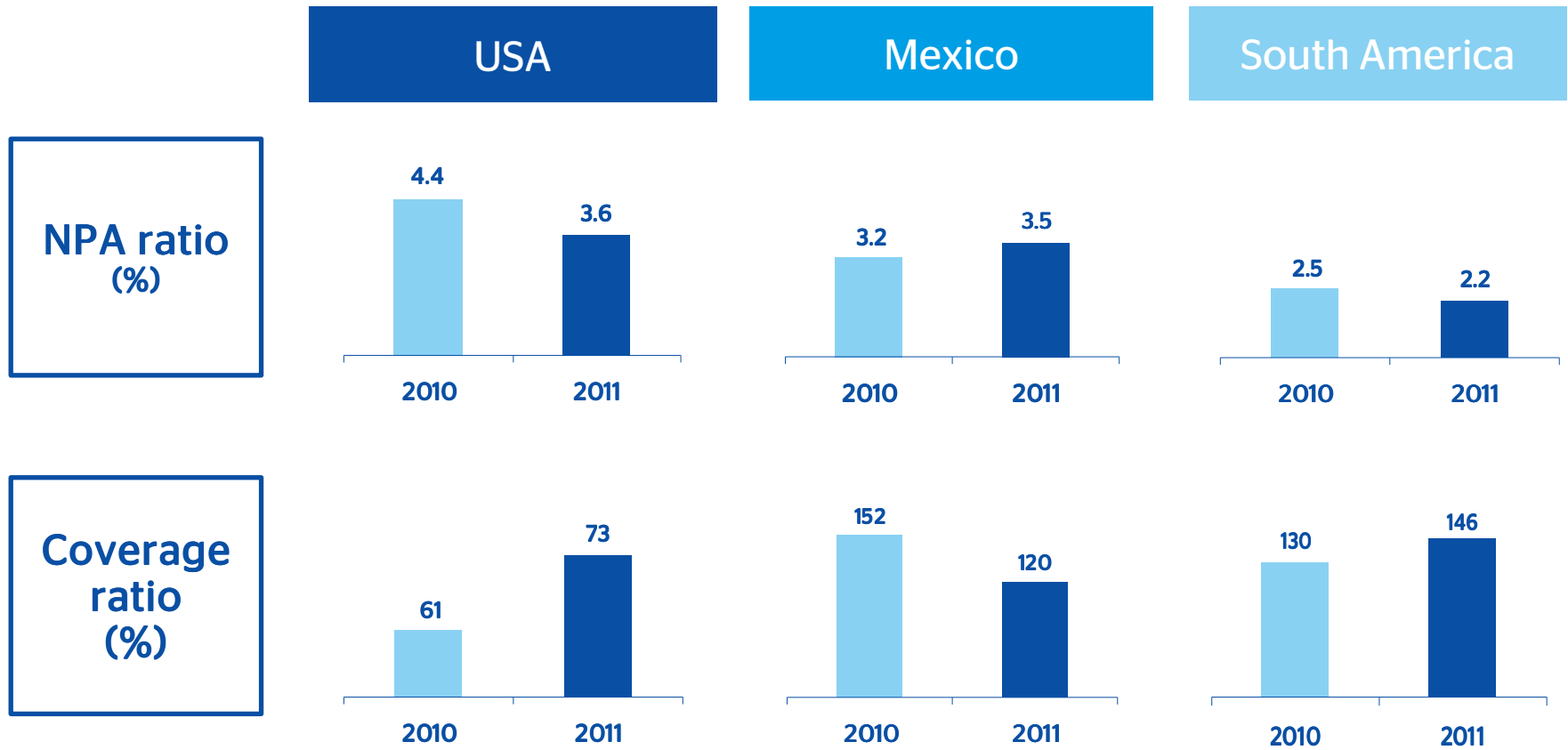


Coverage to substantially improve

⁽¹⁾ Local business in Spain excluding C&IB. "With collateral" includes individual mortgages and developer loans and "without collateral" includes corporates, SMEs and consumer loans.

⁽²⁾ Problematic assets include doubtful and substandard developers' loans and foreclosed assets from households and developers. 50% coverage does not include the capital add-on required.

Rest of areas: Asset quality evolution reflecting change in mix



Trends

Stable asset quality in all geographies



BBVA

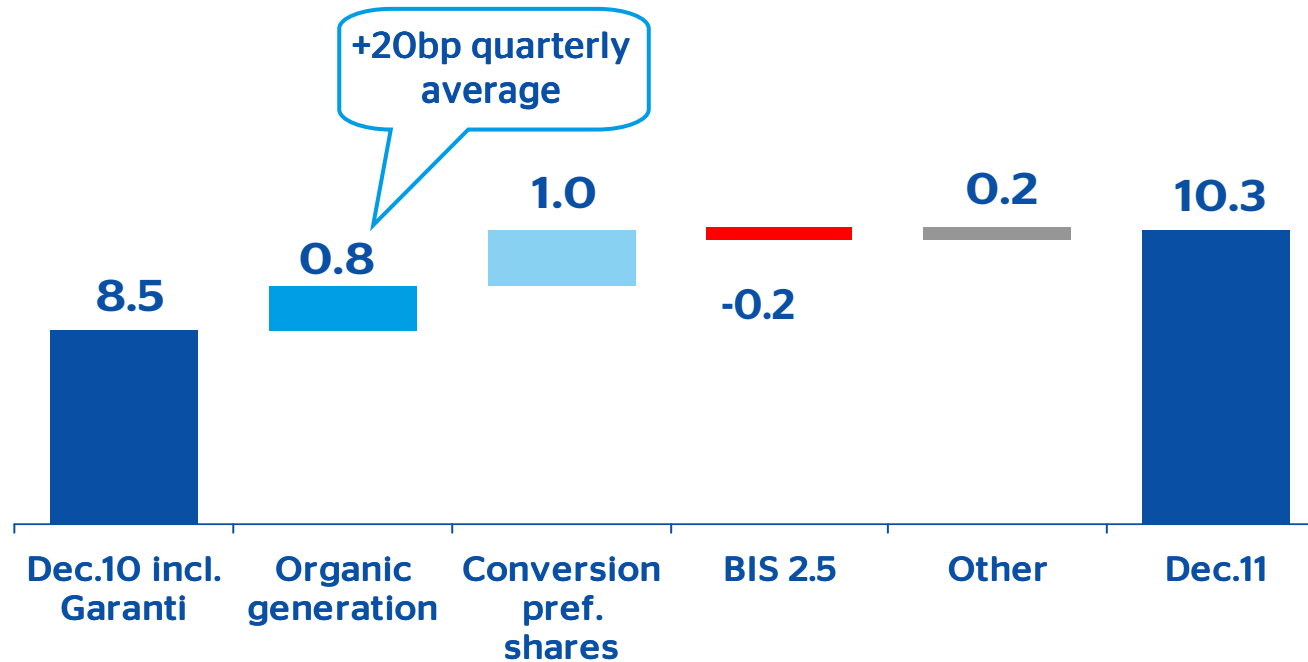
Time to return to fundamentals

4

**Strong capital generation
and solid liquidity position**

Capital: Substantial capacity to generate capital

Core capital ratio
BBVA Group (Basel 2.5)
(%)



BBVA will comfortably achieve EBA's requirements even after new RE provisions
Sustainable dividend policy: €0.42 DPS remains the floor

Liquidity: Improving position of the Euro Balance Sheet...

- 1 Lower funding needs** Liquidity gap  -€24bn since May.10
-€4bn in 4Q11
- 2 Strategic use of ECB LTRO** < 5% total assets
- 3 Proven access to wholesale markets**
- 4 Lowest redemptions in 2012 amongst peer group** €11bn
- 5 Enough additional collateral to absorb any liquidity shocks**



Funding costs continue to improve



BBVA

Liquidity: ... and in all other franchises thanks to BBVA's decentralized liquidity management

Independent ratings and liquidity management

Market discipline and proper incentives

Firewalls between subsidiaries and the parent company

Supervision and control by parent company

Proven resilience during the crisis

BBVA Compass

Loan to deposits (Dec-11)
95%

Mexico

Loan to deposits (Dec-11)
100%

South America

Loan to deposits (Dec-11)
94%



BBVA

Contents

1 From external factors to earnings power

2 Time to return to fundamentals

3 Conclusions



BBVA

In a “loss-absorption world”...

Equity investors should focus
on earnings power and franchise value...



...which also backs a bank’s creditworthiness

Market attention should turn to the evolution of fundamentals

Earnings power and franchise value

- Resilient and growing core revenues in all geographies
- Investments in the franchise progressively stabilizing
- Stable asset quality absorbing the worst year in Spain

Capital and liquidity

- Successfully adapted to the new challenging environment
- Strong capital and liquidity generation
- Minimizing impact on profitability and shareholders dilution

BBVA continues to improve its earnings potential and franchise value

BBVA

Time to return to fundamentals

Manuel González Cid, CFO

Morgan Stanley, European Financial Conference

March 28th, 2012